

PB-groupoids vs VB-groupoids

Francesco Cattafi

joint work with Alfonso Garmendia

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Geometric structures and infinite-dimensional manifolds

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Correspondence VB-PB

$$E \rightarrow M$$

vector bundle of rank k

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Corollary

Vector bundles over M of rank k *principal bundles over M with structural Lie group $\mathrm{GL}(k)$* What about replacing M with a Lie groupoid $\mathcal{G} \rightrightarrows M$?

Outline

- 1 VB-groupoids
- 2 Frames of a VB-groupoid
- 3 PB-groupoids
- 4 PB-VB correspondence

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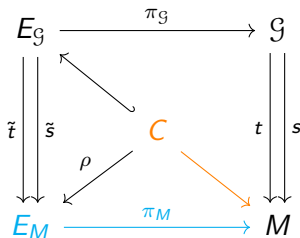
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- 2-term representations up to homotopy (Gracia-Saz and Mehta, 2017)
- deformation theory of Lie groupoids via their cohomology (Crainic, Mestre and Struchiner, 2020)
- blow-up constructions in index theory (Debord and Skandalis, 2021)

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$$\begin{array}{ccc} E_{\mathcal{G}} & \xrightarrow{\pi_{\mathcal{G}}} & \mathcal{G} \\ \tilde{t} \downarrow \quad \tilde{s} \downarrow & & t \downarrow \quad s \downarrow \\ E_M & \xrightarrow{\pi_M} & M \end{array}$$

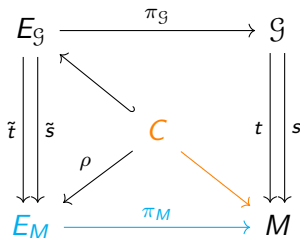
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core $C := \ker(\tilde{s}) \cap \ker(\pi_{\mathcal{G}}) \subseteq E_{\mathcal{G}}$

core-anchor $\rho := \tilde{t}|_C: C \rightarrow E_M$

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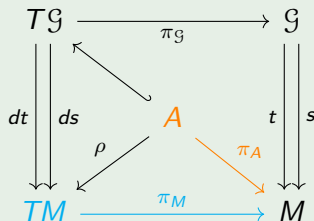
rank $(l, k) := (\text{rank}(C \rightarrow M), \text{rank}(E_M \rightarrow M))$

(so that $\text{rank}(E_g) = l + k$)

Example (tangent VB-groupoid)

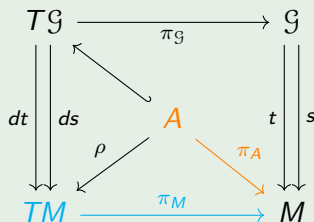
$$\begin{array}{ccc} T\mathcal{G} & \xrightarrow{\pi_{\mathcal{G}}} & \mathcal{G} \\ \downarrow dt \quad ds & & \downarrow t \quad s \\ TM & \xrightarrow{\pi_M} & M \end{array}$$

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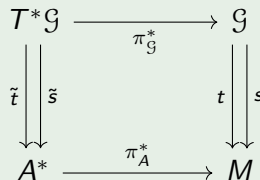
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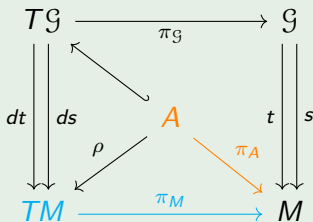


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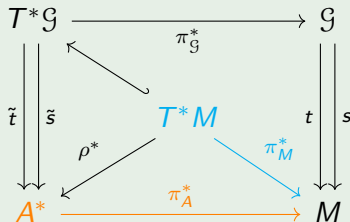


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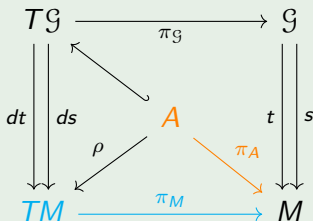


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Remark (duality between VB-groupoids)

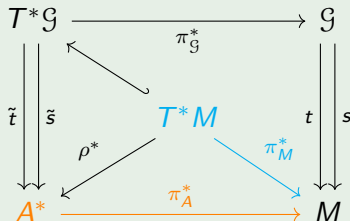
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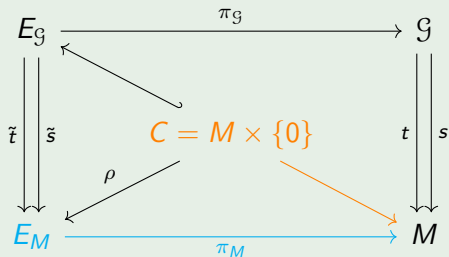


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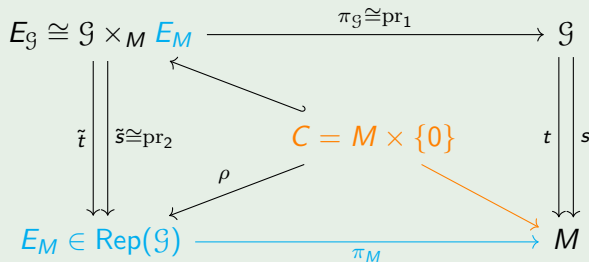
Remark (duality between VB-groupoids)

$E_{\mathcal{G}} \rightrightarrows E_M$ VB-groupoid of rank (l, k) with core C
 $\Rightarrow E_{\mathcal{G}}^* \rightrightarrows C^*$ VB-groupoid of rank (k, l) with core E_M^*

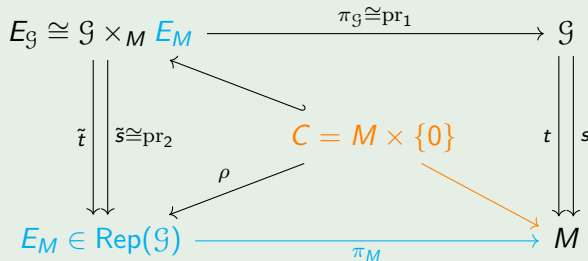
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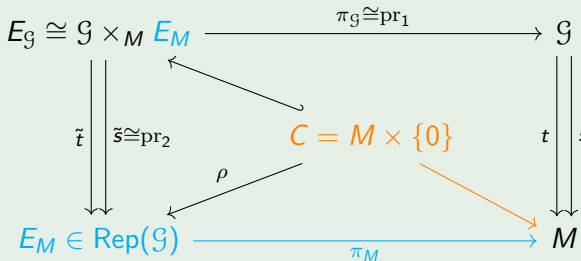


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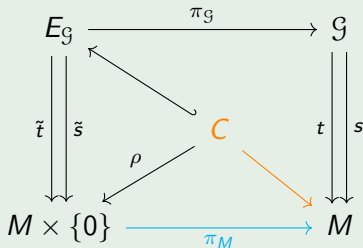


For $E_{\mathcal{G}} = T\mathcal{G}$ and $E_M = TM$ we get $\mathcal{G} \rightrightarrows M$ étale and its canonical representation on TM

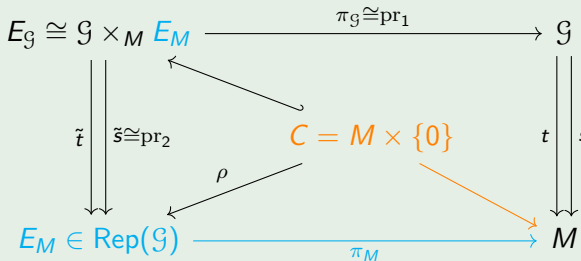
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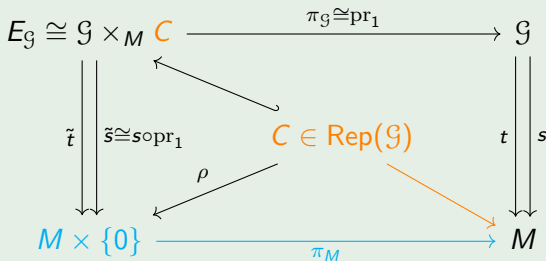
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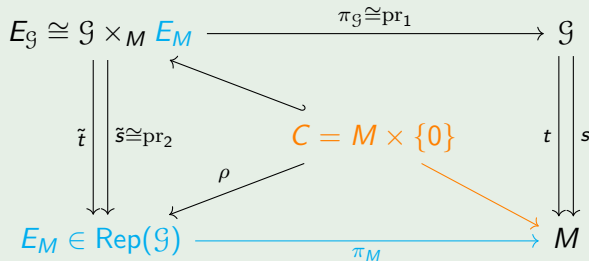
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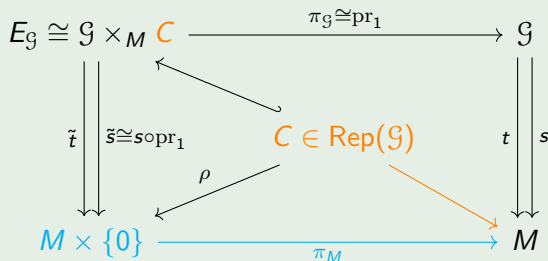
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For $E_{\mathcal{G}} = T\mathcal{G}$ and $E_M = TM$ we get $M = 0$ and the adjoint representation on $C = \mathfrak{g}$

Idea: Isolate the frames of $E_{\mathcal{G}} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ which are compatible with the groupoid structure of $E_{\mathcal{G}} \rightrightarrows E_M$

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with $d_{\phi_g} := (t(\phi_g)^b)^{-1} \circ \rho_{t(g)} \circ t(\phi_g)^c : \mathbb{R}^I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$

Proposition (C. - Garmendia '24)

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- $\bar{m}(\phi_g, \phi_h) = \tilde{m}(\phi_g|_{\{0\} \times \mathbb{R}^k}, \phi_h|_{\{0\} \times \mathbb{R}^k}) + \tilde{m}(\cdot, 0_h) \circ \phi_g|_{\mathbb{R}^l \times \{0\}}$
- $\bar{u}(\varphi_x^c, \varphi_x^b) = \varphi_x^c \circ \mathrm{pr}_1 + \tilde{u} \circ \varphi_x^b \circ \mathrm{pr}_2$
- $\bar{i}(\phi_g) = \tilde{i}(\phi_g|_{\{0\} \times \mathbb{R}^k} + \phi_g(-\bullet, d_{\phi_g}(\bullet)))$

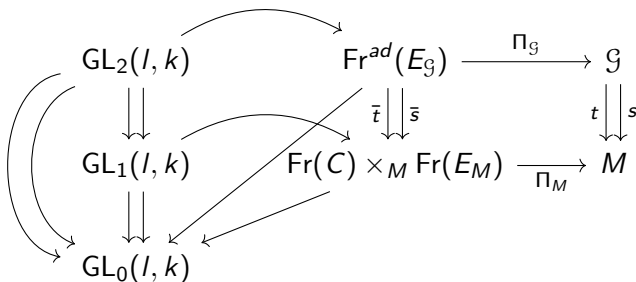
Proposition (C. - Garmendia '24)

There is a natural action of the strict Lie 2-groupoid
 $\mathrm{GL}_2(I, k) \rightrightarrows \mathrm{GL}_1(I, k) \rightrightarrows \mathrm{GL}_0(I, k)$ *on the Lie groupoid*
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Any VB-groupoid induces therefore a diagram



(strict) Lie 2-groupoid = double Lie 2-groupoid over the unit groupoid

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Example (General linear 2-groupoid of rank (l, k))

- $\mathrm{GL}_0(l, k) = \mathrm{Hom}(\mathbb{R}^l, \mathbb{R}^k)$
- $\mathrm{GL}_1(l, k) = \mathrm{Hom}(\mathbb{R}^l, \mathbb{R}^k) \times \mathrm{GL}(l) \times \mathrm{GL}(k)$
- $\mathrm{GL}_2(l, k) \subseteq \mathrm{Hom}(\mathbb{R}^l, \mathbb{R}^k) \times \mathrm{GL}(l + k)$

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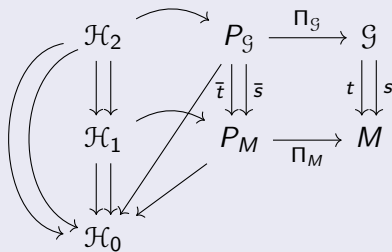
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It is a particular case, for $E = (\mathbb{R}^l, \mathbb{R}^k) \rightarrow \{*\}$, of the general linear 2-groupoid $\mathrm{GL}(E)$ (del Hoyo and Stefani, 2019) and the 2-gauge groupoid $2\text{-Gau}(E)$ (Brahic and Ortiz, 2019) introduced to study 2-term RUTHs

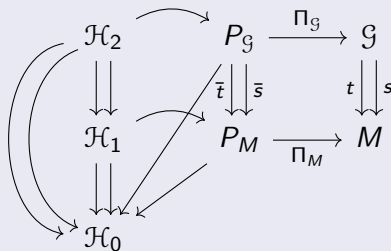
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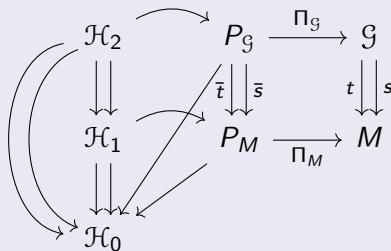


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$P_G \times_{\mathcal{H}_0} \mathcal{H}_2 \rightarrow P_G$, and the Lie groupoids $P_G/\mathcal{H}_2 \rightrightarrows P_M/\mathcal{H}_1$ and $G \rightrightarrows M$ are isomorphic

Example (particular cases)

When $\mathcal{H}_0 = 0$, the Lie 2-groupoid is a Lie 2-group and we recover,

- principal 2-bundles (Nikolaus and Waldorf, 2013)
- principal bundle groupoids (Garmendia and Paycha, 2023)
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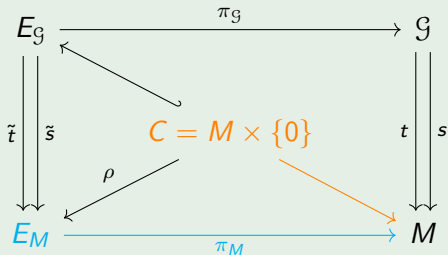
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- principal 2-bundle over a Lie groupoids (Chatterjee, Chaudhuri and Koushik, 2022; Herrera-Carmona and Ortiz, 2023)

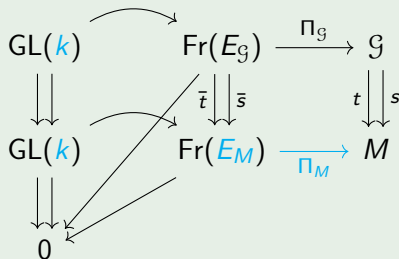
When $\mathcal{H}_2 = \mathcal{H}_1$ and $\mathcal{H}_0 = 0$, the Lie 2-groupoid is a Lie group and we recover

- PBG-groupoids (Mackenzie, 1987)
- principal bundles over a groupoid (Laurent-Gengoux, Tu and Xu, 2004)
- G-groupoids (Bruce, Grabowska and Grabowski, 2017)

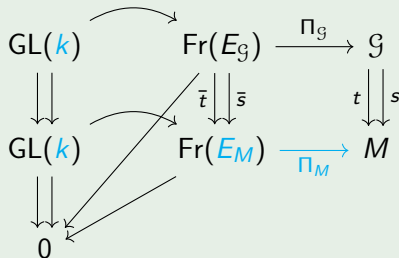
Example (frames of VB-groupoids with trivial cores and trivial bases)



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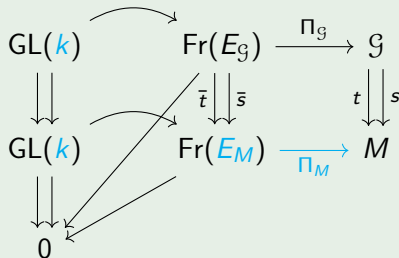


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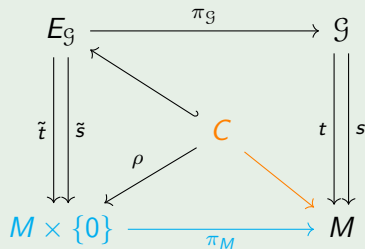


For $E_{\mathcal{G}} = T\mathcal{G}$ and $E_M = TM$
 (hence $\mathcal{G} \rightrightarrows M$ étale),
 $\bar{m}(\phi_g, \phi_h) =$
 $d_{(g,h)}m(\phi_g(\cdot), \phi_h(\cdot))$

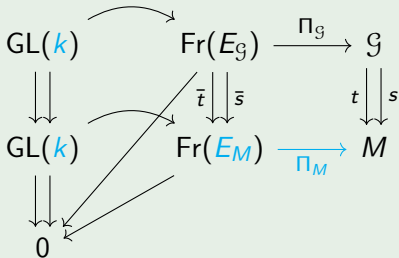
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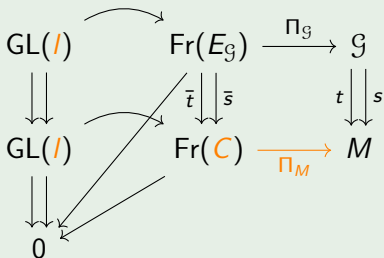
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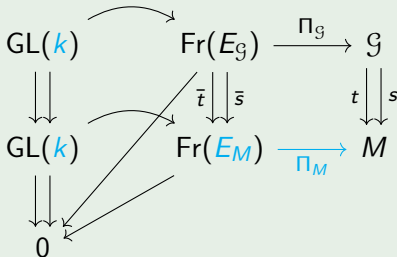
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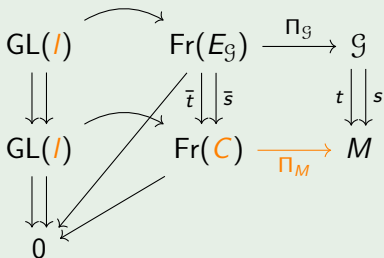
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 $\bar{m}(\phi_g, \phi_h) = d_g R_h(\phi_g(\cdot))$

Example (adapted frames and duality of VB-groupoids)

Consider a VB-groupoid $E_{\mathcal{G}} \rightrightarrows E_M$ over $\mathcal{G} \rightrightarrows M$ of rank (l, k) with core $C \rightarrow M$, and its dual $E_{\mathcal{G}}^* \rightrightarrows C^*$ (of rank (k, l) with core $E_M^* \rightarrow M$).

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Then the following PB-groupoids

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathrm{Fr}^{ad}(E_{\mathcal{G}}) & \xrightarrow{\Pi_{\mathcal{G}}} & \mathcal{G} \\ \Downarrow & & \Downarrow \\ \mathrm{Fr}(C) \times_M \mathrm{Fr}(E_M) & \xrightarrow{\Pi_M} & M \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathrm{Fr}^{ad}(E_{\mathcal{G}}^*) & \xrightarrow{\Pi_{\mathcal{G}}} & \mathcal{G} \\ \Downarrow & & \Downarrow \\ \mathrm{Fr}(E_M^*) \times_M \mathrm{Fr}(C^*) & \xrightarrow{\Pi_M} & M \end{array}$$

are isomorphic

Proposition (C. - Garmendia '24)

$$E_{\mathcal{G}} \rightrightarrows E_M$$

*VB-groupoid over $\mathcal{G} \rightrightarrows M$
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Corollary

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 rank (l, k)



PB-groupoids over $\mathcal{G} \rightrightarrows M$
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Thank you for your attention