

QUANTUM FIELD THEORY AND VERTEX ALGEBRAS WITHIN 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORIES ¹

MOTIVATION: IN MANY FORMULATIONS OF QFT, PROPAGATORS ARE GIVEN BY

$$\Delta \in \text{Hom}_{C^\infty(M) \otimes C^\infty(M)} (\Gamma(J'E) \otimes \Gamma(J'E), \mathcal{D}(M) \otimes \mathcal{D}(M))$$

↑
spacetime
↑
vector bundle over M

AND WE WANT TO EXTEND Δ TO A LAPLACE PAIRING ON SOMETHING LIKE $T(S_{C^\infty(M)} \Gamma(J'E))$ [BORCHERDS, BROUDER-FAUSER-TRABETTI-OECKL, ...] AS I NOTED THIS IS A BIALGEBRA IN A 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORY.

↳ IN ANOTHER ARTICLE, BORCHERDS GAVE ANOTHER DEFINITION OF VERTEX ALGEBRA, AS CERTAIN ALGEBRA IN A 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORY (WELL, THIS NOTION DIDN'T EXIST AT THE TIME; HE PROPOSED GENERAL PROPERTIES)

THESE TWO CONSTRUCTIONS SHARE MANY PROPERTIES/CHARACTERISTICS (IN THIS TALK I WILL FOCUS ON THE CONSTRUCTIONS ON THE VERTEX ALGEBRA SIDE, ANSWERING A PROBLEM IN BORCHERDS' ARTICLE)

↑ PROBLEM 5.12

2. 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORIES [AGUIAR-MAHAJAN, '10; BATANIN-MARKL, '12; STREET, '12] (OR DUOIDAL CATEGORIES)

DEF | A 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORY IS A CATEGORY \mathcal{C} WITH TWO MONOIDAL STRUCTURES $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes_{\mathcal{C}}, I_{\otimes})$ AND $(\mathcal{C}, \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}}, I_{\boxtimes})$, AS WELL AS

$$(A \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} B) \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} (C \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} D) \xrightarrow{sh} (A \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} C) \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} (B \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} D) \quad [\text{INTERCHANGE LAW}]$$

$$I_{\otimes} \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} I_{\otimes} \xrightarrow{\lambda} I_{\otimes} \xleftarrow{\nu} I_{\boxtimes} \xrightarrow{\Delta} I_{\boxtimes} \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} I_{\boxtimes}$$

SATISFYING

- (1) COHERENCE AXIOMS ON ASSOCIATIVITY [TWO HEXAGONS]
- (2) COMPATIBILITY AXIOMS BETWEEN sh AND THE UNITS I_{\boxtimes} AND I_{\otimes} [FOUR SQUARES]
- (3) (I_{\otimes}, μ, ν) IS A (UNITARY) ALG IN $(\mathcal{C}, \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}}, I_{\boxtimes})$
- $(I_{\boxtimes}, \Delta, \nu)$ IS A (COUNTRARY) COALG IN $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes_{\mathcal{C}}, I_{\otimes})$.

ONE MAY IMPOSE $\otimes_{\mathcal{C}}$ AND/OR $\boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}}$ TO BE SYMMETRIC AND A COMPATIBILITY WITH sh AND THE (CO)ALGEBRA IN (3)

PK | A 2-MON. CAT IS THE SAME AS A PSEUDOMONOID IN THE MONOIDAL 2-CATEGORY $\mathcal{L}(\text{Cat})$.

PROP | IF \mathcal{C} IS A 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORY, A AND A' ARE ALGEBRAS IN $(\mathcal{C}, \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}}, I_{\boxtimes})$ THEN $A \otimes_{\mathcal{C}} A'$ IS NATURALLY AN ALGEBRA IN $(\mathcal{C}, \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}}, I_{\boxtimes})$. (ANALOGOUS RESULT FOR COALGEBRAS, AND, IF \mathcal{C} IS SYMMETRIC, FOR (CO)COMMUTATIVE (CO)ALG.)

3. THE SET UP

↓ $I_{\mathcal{F}}$ IS THE INITIAL OBJECT OF \mathcal{F}

- (VA.1) A SEMICARTESIAN MONOIDAL CATEGORY $(\mathcal{F}, \square, I_{\mathcal{F}})$
- (VA.2) A SYM. MON. CATEGORY $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes_{\mathcal{C}}, I_{\otimes}, \tau^{\mathcal{C}})$, THAT IS COCOMPLETE AND S.T.H. $\otimes_{\mathcal{C}}$ COMMUTES WITH COLIMITS ON EACH SIDE
- (VA.3) AN OPLAX COCOMM. BIALGEBRA B IN THE SYM. MON. CATEGORY $\text{Fun}(\mathcal{F}^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{C})$
 ↑ THE UNDERLYING FUNCTOR $B: \mathcal{F}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ IS OPLAX MONOIDAL WITH STR. MORPH. OF BIALGEBRAS
- (VA.4) A LAX COMM. ALG $A: \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ IN THE SYM. MON. CATEGORY

$\mathcal{A} = \mathbb{E}_x \text{Mod}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{E})$ (CATEGORY OF EXTERNAL MODULES) ← TENSOR PRODUCT $\otimes_{\mathcal{B}}$ AS IN MODULES OVER \mathcal{B} ALG.

$\mathbb{E}_x \text{Mod}(\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{E})$ IS THE CATEGORY OF FUNCTORS $M: \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ WITH $M(I) \in \text{Mod}$ VIA $\mathcal{B}(I)$

$\mathcal{P}_I: \mathcal{B}(I) \otimes_{\mathcal{E}} M(I) \rightarrow M(I)$ AND

$\mathcal{B}(I) \otimes_{\mathcal{E}} M(I) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{B}(f) \otimes \text{id}} \mathcal{B}(J) \otimes_{\mathcal{E}} M(I) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}_I} M(I) \xrightarrow{M(f)} M(J)$
 $\mathcal{B}(I) \otimes_{\mathcal{E}} M(I) \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes M(f)} \mathcal{B}(J) \otimes_{\mathcal{E}} M(J) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}_J} M(J)$

RFK AN EXTERNAL MODULE IS THE SAME AS AN \mathcal{h} -MODULE, WHERE $\mathcal{h}: \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \text{Cat}$ IS THE STRICT MORPHISM OF BICATEGORIES GIVEN BY COMPOSING $\mathcal{B}: \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \text{Alg}(\mathcal{E})^{\text{op}}$ AND THE RESTRICTION MODULE FUNCTOR $\mathcal{R}: \text{Alg}(\mathcal{E})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Cat}$ SENDING A TO $\text{Mod}(A)$ AND $f: I \rightarrow J$ TO THE RESTRICTION OF SCALARS FUNCTOR $\text{Mod}(A) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(A)$.

(VA.5) THE SYM. MONOIDAL CATEGORY $\mathcal{C} = \text{Mod}(\mathcal{A})$ WITH USUAL TENSOR PRODUCT \otimes_A . WE WILL EVENTUALLY ASSUME:

(VA.6) \mathcal{F} HAS ASYMMETRIC BRAIDING \mathcal{F} .

EXAMPLES

$\mathcal{F} = \text{FinSet}^{\text{eq}}$ **OBJ**: (X, ν_x) WITH X FINITE SET AND ν_x EQUIV. REL

MOR: $(X, \nu_x) \xrightarrow{f} (Y, \nu_y)$ IS A MAP $X \rightarrow Y$ S.T.H $f(x) \nu_y f(x') \Rightarrow x \nu_x x'$

THEN $(\text{FinSet}^{\text{eq}}, \square, \mathcal{J})$ IS A SYM. MON. CATEGORY WITH $(X, \nu_x) \square (Y, \nu_y) = (X \sqcup Y, \nu_x \sqcup \nu_y)$ AND $\mathcal{J} = \square$

FACT $U: \text{FinSet}^{\text{eq}} \rightarrow \text{FinSet}$ IS BRAIDED STRONG MONOIDAL.

$(X, \nu_x) \mapsto X$

IF H IS A COCOMMUTATIVE BIALGEBRA IN \mathcal{E} , DEFINE $T^*H: \text{FinSet}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ BY

$T^*(H)(I) = \bigotimes_{i \in I} H$, $T^*(H)(f) \left(\bigotimes_{j \in J} x_j \right) = \prod_{j \in J} \epsilon(x_j) \bigotimes_{i \in I} y_i$, WITH $\bigotimes_{i \in I} y_i = \Delta^{[\#f^{-1}(j)]}(x_j)$

FOR $I, J \in \text{FinSet}$, $f: I \rightarrow J$.

FACT T^*H IS AN OPLAX COCOMM. BIALGEBRA IN $\text{Fun}(\text{FinSet}^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{E})$.

HENCE $\mathcal{B} = T^*H \circ U$ IS A OPLAX COCOMM. BIALGEBRA IN $\text{Fun}(\text{FinSet}^{\text{eq}}, \mathcal{E})$.

4. MAIN RESULTS

DEF [BORCHERDS, -] GIVEN M AND N IN $\mathcal{C} = \text{Mod}(\mathcal{A})$, DEFINE THE **SINGULAR TENSOR PRODUCT**

$(M \boxtimes_{\mathcal{C}} N)(I) = \text{colim}_{I_1 \sqcup I_2 \rightarrow I} \left(M(I_1) \otimes_{\mathcal{E}} N(I_2) \right) \otimes_{A(I_1) \otimes A(I_2)} A(I)$

$\text{Ind}_{A(I) \otimes A(I_2)}^{A(I)} (M(I_1) \otimes_{\mathcal{E}} N(I_2))$

THIS DEFINITION GIVES INDEED A TENSOR PRODUCT, SINCE ASSUMING (VA.1-VA.5):

PROP | THE SINGULAR TENSOR PRODUCT \boxtimes_C IS A MONOIDAL TENSOR PRODUCT OVER $C = \text{Mod}(A)$, WITH UNIT GIVEN BY A REGARDED AS A MODULE OVER ITSELF WITH THE REGULAR ACTION.

MOREOVER, IF WE ASSUME (V.A.C) WE ALSO HAVE

PROP | THE SYMMETRIC BRAIDINGS OF \mathcal{F} AND \mathcal{E} INDUCE A SYMMETRIC BRAIDING OVER (C, \boxtimes_C, A) .

FINALLY, WE HAVE THE MAIN RESULT OF THIS TALK, WHICH WAS

THM | CONSIDER THE CATEGORY $C = \text{Mod}(A)$ ENDOWED WITH THE TENSOR PRODUCTS \otimes_A AND \boxtimes_C , WITH UNIT A FOR BOTH. THEN $(C, \otimes_A, \boxtimes_C)$ IS A SYMMETRIC 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORY, WITH $\mu = \Delta = \nu = \text{id}_A$.

EXAMPLE/DEF | CONSIDER THE SAME EXAMPLES AS BEFORE AND TAKE

- $\mathcal{E} = \text{Mod}_R$ FOR SOME COMMUTATIVE RING R
- $H = \bigoplus_{p \in \mathbb{N}_0} R \cdot D^{(p)}$ WITH $D^{(p)} D^{(q)} = \binom{p+q}{p} D^{(p+q)}$, $\Delta(D^{(p)}) = \sum_{i=0}^p D^{(i)} \otimes D^{(p-i)}$

(DIVIDED POWER BIALGEBRA)
 • A THE ALGEBRA SENDING (x_i, x_j) TO $R[(x_i - x_j)^{\pm 1}; i, j \in X, i \neq x_j]$.

THEN AN ALGEBRA IN (C, \boxtimes_C, A) IS A GENERALIZATION OF A VERTEX ALGEBRA SINCE $M(*, \{(*, *)\})$ IS AN USUAL VERTEX ALGEBRA [BORCHERDS]

NEW DIRECTIONS | THE CONSTRUCTIONS OF pQFT IN MY WORK CAN BE OBTAINED USING THESE IDEAS BUT \mathcal{E} SHOULD BE GENERALIZED TO BE A 2-MONOIDAL CATEGORY.